



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## DDP SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS US 9, LLC

**Product name:** MOLYKOTE® 3402-C LF Anti-Friction Coating

**Issue Date:** 04/26/2022

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DDP SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS US 9, LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

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**Product name:** MOLYKOTE® 3402-C LF Anti-Friction Coating

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** Lubricants and lubricant additives

### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DDP SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS

US 9, LLC

974 Centre Road

Wilmington DE 19805

UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:**

833-338-7668

SDSQuestion-NA@dupont.com

### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 1-800-424-9300

**Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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### Hazard classification

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids - Category 2

Eye irritation - Category 2A

Carcinogenicity - Category 2 - Inhalation

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3

### Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



Signal word: **DANGER!**

**Hazards**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.  
Use only non-sparking tools.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
Avoid breathing mist or vapours.  
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response**

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.  
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

**Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
Store locked up.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

Static-accumulating flammable liquid.

**Further information**

The values listed below represent the percentages of ingredients of unknown toxicity.  
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity: 2.1 %

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**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

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**Chemical nature:** Inorganic and organic compounds, Mixture  
This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Isopropanol	67-63-0	>= 39.1 - <= 49.1 %
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	>= 21.8 - <= 25.7 %
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	>= 10.9 - <= 12.9 %
Molybdenum disulfide	1317-33-5	>= 10.7 - <= 12.7 %

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get medical attention.

**Skin contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, call a poison control centre or doctor immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** High volume water jet Do not use direct water stream.

##### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides Metal oxides Sulphur oxides

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Flash back possible over considerable distance. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

**Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation. Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning transfer operations. This material can accumulate static charge due to its inherent physical properties and can therefore cause an electrical ignition source to vapors. In order to prevent a fire hazard, as bonding and grounding may be insufficient to remove static electricity, it is necessary to provide an inert gas purge before beginning transfer operations. Restrict flow velocity in order to reduce the accumulation of static electricity. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating. Avoid ingestion of even very small amounts; do not consume or store food or tobacco in the work area; wash hands and face before smoking or eating. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Organic peroxides. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids. Pyrophoric solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Explosives. Gases. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION****Control parameters**

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Isopropanol	ACGIH	TWA	200 ppm
	Further information: CNS impair: Central Nervous System impairment; URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; BEI: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section); A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	ACGIH	STEL	400 ppm
	Further information: CNS impair: Central Nervous System impairment; URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; BEI: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section); A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	980 mg/m3 400 ppm
	Further information: (b): The value in mg/m3 is approximate.		
	CAL PEL	PEL	980 mg/m3 400 ppm
	CAL PEL	STEL	1,225 mg/m3 500 ppm
	OSHA P0	TWA	980 mg/m3 400 ppm
	OSHA P0	STEL	1,225 mg/m3 500 ppm
n-Butyl Acetate	Dow IHG	TWA	75 ppm
	Dow IHG	STEL	150 ppm
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	710 mg/m3 150 ppm
	Further information: (b): The value in mg/m3 is approximate.		
	CAL PEL	PEL	710 mg/m3 150 ppm
	CAL PEL	STEL	950 mg/m3 200 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	50 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation		
	ACGIH	STEL	150 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation		
Antimony trioxide	OSHA Z-1	TWA	0.5 mg/m3 , antimony
	ACGIH	TWA Inhalable particulate matter	0.02 mg/m3 , antimony
	Further information: A2: Suspected human carcinogen		
	OSHA P0	TWA	0.5 mg/m3 , antimony

Molybdenum disulfide	OSHA Z-1	TWA total dust	15 mg/m3 , Molybdenum
	ACGIH	TWA Inhalable particulate matter	10 mg/m3 , Molybdenum
	ACGIH	TWA Respirable particulate matter	3 mg/m3 , Molybdenum
	CAL PEL	PEL Total dust	10 mg/m3 , Molybdenum
	CAL PEL	PEL respirable dust fraction	3 mg/m3 , Molybdenum
Further information: (n): The concentration and percentage of the particulate used for this limit are determined from the fraction passing a size selector with the following characteristics: Aerodynamic Diameter in Micrometers (unit density sphere)..... Percent Passing Selector 0 ..... 100 1 ..... 97 2 ..... 91 3 ..... 74 4 ..... 50 5 ..... 30 6 ..... 17 7 ..... 9 8 ..... 5 10 ..... 1			

**Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Isopropanol	67-63-0	Acetone	Urine	End of shift at end of workweek	40 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

**Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

**Hygiene measures:** Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating. Avoid ingestion of even very small amounts; do not consume or store food or tobacco in the work area; wash hands and face before smoking or eating. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.

**Individual protection measures**

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles.

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material.

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines.

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**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

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<b>Appearance</b>	
Physical state	liquid
Color	grey
<b>Odor</b>	solvent-like
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No data available
<b>pH</b>	No data available
<b>Melting point/range</b>	No data available
<b>Freezing point</b>	No data available
<b>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</b>	82 °C ( 180 °F)
<b>Flash point</b>	<b>closed cup</b> 15 °C ( 59 °F)
<b>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</b>	No data available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	No data available
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	No data available
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	No data available
<b>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)</b>	No data available
<b>Relative Density (water = 1)</b>	1.06
<b>Water solubility</b>	No data available
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	No data available
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	No data available
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No data available
<b>Kinematic Viscosity</b>	15 mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 25 °C (77 °F)
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
<b>Molecular weight</b>	No data available
<b>Particle size</b>	Not applicable

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

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**Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

**Conditions to avoid:** Heat, flames and sparks.

**Incompatible materials:** Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Acetic acid.

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## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### **Acute toxicity**

#### **Acute oral toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### **Acute dermal toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### **Acute inhalation toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Sensitization**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Teratogenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

### **Mutagenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:**

**Isopropanol**

**Acute oral toxicity**

May cause central nervous system depression. Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may include: Facial flushing. Low blood pressure. Irregular heartbeats. May cause nausea and vomiting.

LD50, Rat, 5,840 mg/kg OECD 401 or equivalent

**Acute dermal toxicity**

LD50, Rabbit, > 12,800 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, male and female, 6 Hour, vapour, > 10000 ppm

LC50, Rat, vapour, > 24.5 mg/l

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.  
May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause pain disproportionate to the level of irritation to eye tissues.  
May cause moderate eye irritation.  
May cause moderate corneal injury.  
Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.  
Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).

**Sensitization**

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.  
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:  
No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
Route of Exposure: Ingestion  
Target Organs: Central nervous system

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

**Carcinogenicity**

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**

Isopropanol has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**Reproductive toxicity**

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, resulting in rapid absorption and injury to other body systems.

**n-Butyl Acetate**

**Acute oral toxicity**

LD50, Rat, male, 12,789 mg/kg

LD50 Oral, Rat, female, 10,760 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity**

LD50, Rabbit, male and female, > 14,112 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

The LC50 has not been determined.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause severe skin irritation with local redness and discomfort.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause moderate eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

**Sensitization**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Route of Exposure: Inhalation

Target Organs: Nervous system

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

**Carcinogenicity**

No relevant data found.

**Teratogenicity**

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility. No toxicity to reproduction

**Mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing lung damage or even death due to chemical pneumonia.

**Antimony trioxide**

**Acute oral toxicity**

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity**

LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.2 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

No eye irritation

**Sensitization**

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Eye.

Liver.

Respiratory tract.

**Carcinogenicity**

Has caused cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Available data are inadequate to determine effects on fertility.

#### **Mutagenicity**

In vitro studies showed both positive and negative effects. In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects.

#### **Molybdenum disulfide**

##### **Acute oral toxicity**

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg. No deaths occurred at this concentration.

##### **Acute dermal toxicity**

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg. No deaths occurred at this concentration.

##### **Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 2.82 mg/l. No deaths occurred at this concentration.

##### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

##### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

##### **Sensitization**

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

##### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

##### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

No relevant data found.

##### **Carcinogenicity**

No relevant data found.

##### **Teratogenicity**

No relevant data found.

##### **Reproductive toxicity**

No relevant data found.

##### **Mutagenicity**

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

##### **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### **Carcinogenicity Component**

#### **List**

#### **Classification**

Antimony trioxide	IARC	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
	ACGIH	A2: Suspected human carcinogen

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### Toxicity

#### Isopropanol

##### **Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).  
LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 9,640 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

##### **Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 24 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent  
EC50, Crangon crangon (shrimp), 48 Hour, 1,400 mg/l

##### **Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

NOEC, alga Scenedesmus sp., static test, 7 d, Growth inhibition (cell density reduction), 1,800 mg/l  
ErC50, alga Scenedesmus sp., static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 1,000 mg/l

##### **Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, > 1,000 mg/l

##### **Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, 30 mg/l

#### n-Butyl Acetate

##### **Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).  
LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 18 mg/l

##### **Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 44 mg/l

##### **Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

ErC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 648 mg/l

##### **Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, Bacteria, 16 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

##### **Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 23 mg/l

#### Antimony trioxide

**Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), static test, 96 Hour, 14.4 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 12.1 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 36.6 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, 2.11 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

**Chronic toxicity to fish**

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 28 d, 4.5 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 1.74 mg/l

**Molybdenum disulfide**

**Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Fish, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

Based on data from similar materials

ErC50, algae, 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 100 mg/l

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, 30 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to fish**

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Fish, 34 d, > 10 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Daphnia magna, 21 d, > 10 mg/l

**Persistence and degradability**

**Isopropanol**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 95 %

**Exposure time:** 21 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 53 %

**Exposure time:** 5 d

**Method:** Other guidelines

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 2.40 mg/mg Estimated.

**Chemical Oxygen Demand:** 2.09 mg/mg Estimated.

**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	20 - 72 %
20 d	78 - 86 %

**Photodegradation**

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitization:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 1.472 d

**Method:** Estimated.

**n-Butyl Acetate**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 83 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 2.20 mg/mg Estimated.

**Photodegradation**

**Sensitization:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 2.32 d

**Method:** Estimated.

**Antimony trioxide**

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic substances.

**Molybdenum disulfide**

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic substances.

**Bioaccumulative potential****Isopropanol**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 0.05 Measured

**n-Butyl Acetate**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** Pow: 3.2 at 25 °C Measured  
**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 15 Fish Estimated.

**Antimony trioxide**

**Bioaccumulation:** Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

**Molybdenum disulfide**

**Bioaccumulation:** Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

**Mobility in soil**

**Isopropanol**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).  
**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 1.1 Estimated.

**n-Butyl Acetate**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).  
**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 19 - 70 Estimated.

**Antimony trioxide**

No specific, relevant data available for assessment.

**Molybdenum disulfide**

No relevant data found.

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### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section 10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

**Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging:** Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

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**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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**DOT**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Flammable liquids, n.o.s.(Propan-2-ol, n-Butyl acetate)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1993
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Reportable Quantity</b>	Antimony trioxide, Arsenic oxide

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.(Propan-2-ol, n-Butyl acetate)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1993
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code</b>	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Flammable liquid, n.o.s.(Propan-2-ol, n-Butyl acetate)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1993
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	II

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312**

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
Hazard not otherwise classified (physical hazards)  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  
Carcinogenicity

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

**Components**Isopropanol  
Antimony trioxide**CASRN**67-63-0  
1309-64-4**California Prop. 65**

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Styrene, Ethylbenzene, Antimony trioxide, Lead oxide, Arsenous oxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Arsenous oxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)**

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**


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**Hazard Rating System****NFPA**

Health	Flammability	Instability
2	3	0

**HMIS**

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
2*	3	0

\* = Chronic Effects (See Hazards Identification)

**Revision**

Identification Number: 4092585 / A776 / Issue Date: 04/26/2022 / Version: 11.0

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

**Legend**

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
CAL PEL	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
OSHA P0	USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated values)
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
TWA	Time Weighted Average (TWA):

**Full text of other abbreviations**

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely

Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DDP SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS US 9, LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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